

# BIKANER TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

## BIKANER



## SYLLABUS

**NOTE:** Adopted Syllabus and Scheme of Rajasthan Technical University, Kota Vide resolution of BOM agenda item No. BOM 1.6 in Meeting held on 07-09-2018

**SYLLABUS**  
**I Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY2-01: Engineering Mathematics-I**

**Credit: 4**  
**3L+1T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 200 (IA:40, ETE:160)**  
**End Term Exam: 3 Hours**

SN	CONTENTS	Hours
1	<b>Calculus:</b> Improper integrals (Beta and Gamma functions) and their properties; Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions.	8
2	<b>Sequences and Series:</b> Convergence of sequence and series, tests for convergence; Power series, Taylor's series, series for exponential, trigonometric and logarithm functions.	6
3	<b>Fourier Series:</b> Periodic functions, Fourier series, Euler's formula, Change of intervals, Half range sine and cosine series, Parseval's theorem.	6
4	<b>Multivariable Calculus (Differentiation):</b> Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, directional derivatives, total derivative; Tangent plane and normal line; Maxima, minima and saddle points; Method of Lagrange multipliers; Gradient, curl and divergence.	10
5	<b>Multivariable Calculus (Integration):</b> Multiple Integration: Double integrals (Cartesian), change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar), Applications: areas and volumes, Centre of mass and Gravity (constant and variable densities); Triple integrals (Cartesian), Simple applications involving cubes, sphere and rectangular parallelepipeds; Scalar line integrals, vector line integrals, scalar surface integrals, vector surface integrals, Theorems of Green, Gauss and Stokes.	10
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>40</b>



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY2-02/ 2FY2-02: Engineering Physics**

**Credit: 4**  
**3L+1T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 200 (IA:40, ETE:160)**  
**End Term Exam: 3 Hours**

SN	CONTENTS	Hours
1	<b>Wave Optics:</b> Newton's Rings, Michelson's Interferometer, Fraunhofer Diffraction from a Single Slit. Diffraction grating: Construction, theory and spectrum, Resolving power and Rayleigh criterion for limit of resolution, Resolving power of diffraction grating, X-Ray diffraction and Bragg's Law.	9
2	<b>Quantum Mechanics:</b> Introduction to quantum Mechanics, Wave-particle duality, Matter waves, Wave function and basic postulates, Time dependent and time independent Schrodinger's Wave Equation, Physical interpretation of wave function and its properties, Applications of the Schrodinger's Equation: Particle in one dimensional and three dimensional boxes.	6
3	<b>Coherence and Optical Fibers:</b> Spatial and temporal coherence: Coherence length; Coherence time and 'Q' factor for light, Visibility as a measure of Coherence and spectral purity, Optical fiber as optical wave guide, Numerical aperture; Maximum angle of acceptance and applications of optical fiber.	4
4	<b>Laser:</b> Einstein's Theory of laser action; Einstein's coefficients; Properties of Laser beam, Amplification of light by population inversion, Components of laser, Construction and working of He-Ne and semiconductor lasers, Applications of Lasers in Science, engineering and medicine.	6
5	<b>Material Science &amp; Semiconductor Physics:</b> Bonding in solids: covalent and metallic bonding, Energy bands in solids: Classification of solids as Insulators, Semiconductors and Conductors, Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Fermi dirac distribution function and Fermi energy, Conductivity in semiconductors, Hall Effect: Theory, Hall Coefficient and applications.	7
6	<b>Introduction to Electromagnetism:</b> Divergence and curl of electrostatic field, Laplace's and Poisson's equations for electrostatic potential, Bio-Savart law, Divergence and curl of static magnetic field, Faraday's law, Displacement current and magnetic field arising from time dependent electric field, Maxwell's equations, Flow of energy and Poynting vector.	8
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>40</b>

**I & II Semester**



# Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology

## 1FY2-03/ 2FY2-03: Engineering Chemistry

Credit: 4  
3L+1T+0P

Max. Marks: 200 (IA:40, ETE:160)  
End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	CONTENTS	Hours
1	<p><b>Water:</b> Common impurities, hardness, determination of hardness by complexometric (EDTA method), Degree of hardness, Units of hardness Municipal water supply: Requisite of drinking water, Purification of water; sedimentation, filtration, disinfection, breakpoint chlorination. Boiler troubles: Scale and Sludge formation, Internal treatment methods, Priming and Foaming, Boiler corrosion and Caustic embrittlement Water softening; Lime-Soda process, Zeolite (Permutit) process, Demineralization process. Numerical problems based on Hardness, EDTA, Lime-Soda and Zeolite process.</p>	10
2	<p><b>Organic Fuels:</b> Solid fuels: Coal, Classification of Coal, Proximate and Ultimate analyses of coal and its significance, Gross and Net Calorific value, Determination of Calorific value of coal by Bomb Calorimeter. Metallurgical coke, Carbonization processes; Otto-Hoffmann by-product oven method. Liquid fuels : Advantages of liquid fuels, Mining, Refining and Composition of petroleum, Cracking, Synthetic petrol, Reforming, Knocking, Octane number, Anti-knocking agents, Cetane number Gaseous fuels; Advantages, manufacturing, composition and Calorific value of coal gas and oil gas, Determination of calorific value of gaseous fuels by Junker's calorimeter Numerical problems based on determination of calorific value (bomb calorimeter/Junkers calorimeter/Dulong's formula, proximate analysis &amp; ultimate and combustion of fuel.</p>	10
3	<p><b>Corrosion and its control:</b> Definition and significance of corrosion, Mechanism of chemical (dry) and electrochemical (wet) corrosion, galvanic corrosion, concentration corrosion and pitting corrosion. Protection from corrosion; protective coatings-galvanization and tinning, cathodic protection, sacrificial anode and modifications in design.</p>	3
4	<p><b>Engineering Materials:</b> Portland Cement; Definition, Manufacturing by Rotary kiln. Chemistry of setting and hardening of cement. Role of Gypsum. Glass: Definition, Manufacturing by tank furnace, significance of annealing, Types and properties of soft glass, hard glass, borosilicate glass, glass wool, safety glass Lubricants: Classification, Mechanism, Properties; Viscosity and viscosity index, flash and fire point, cloud and pour point.</p>	10



	Emulsification and steam emulsion number.	
<b>5</b>	<b>Organic reaction mechanism and introduction of drugs:</b> Organic reaction mechanism: Substitution; SN1, SN2, Electrophilic aromatic substitution in benzene, free radical halogenations of alkanes, Elimination; elimination in alkyl halides, dehydration of alcohols, Addition: electrophilic and free radical addition in alkenes, nucleophilic addition in aldehyde and ketones, Rearrangement; Carbocation and free radical rearrangements Drugs : Introduction, Synthesis, properties and uses of Aspirin, Paracetamol	<b>7</b>
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>40</b>



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY1-04/ 2FY1-04: Communication Skills**

**Credit: 2**  
**2L+0T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 100 (IA:20, ETE:80)**  
**End Term Exam: 2 Hours**

SN	CONTENTS	Hours
1	<b>Communication:</b> Meaning, Importance and Cycle of Communication. Media and Types of Communication. Verbal and Non-Verbal Communication. Barriers to communication. Formal and Informal Channels of Communication (Corporate Communication). Divisions of Human Communication and Methods to improve Interpersonal Communication. Qualities of good communication.	5
2	<b>Grammar:</b> Passive Voice. Reported Speech. Conditional Sentences. Modal Verbs. Linking Words (Conjunctions)	5
3	<b>Composition:</b> Job Application and Curriculum-Vitae Writing. Business Letter Writing. Paragraph Writing. Report Writing.	5
4	<b>Short Stories:</b> “Luncheon” by Somerset Maugham. “How Much Land Does a Man Need?” by Count Leo Tolstoy. “The Night Train at Deoli” by Ruskin Bond.	5
5	<b>Poems:</b> “No Men are Foreign” by James Kirkup. “If” by Rudyard Kipling. “Where the Mind is without Fear” by Rabindranath Tagore.	5
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>25</b>



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY1-05/ 2FY1-05: Human Values**

**Credit: 2**  
**2L+0T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 100 (IA:20, ETE:80)**  
**End Term Exam: 2 Hours**

SN	CONTENTS	Hours
1	<p><b>Course Introduction - Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education</b></p> <p>Understanding the need, basic guidelines, Self Exploration - its content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation, Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- Human Aspirations, Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facilities, Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current scenario.</p> <p>Method to fulfill the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony at various levels</p>	5
2	<p><b>Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself</b></p> <p>Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient 'I' and the material 'Body'</p> <p>Understanding the needs of Self ('I') and 'Body' - Sukh and Suvidha</p> <p>Understanding the Body as an instrument of 'I', Understanding the characteristics and activities of 'I' and harmony in 'I' Understanding the harmony of I with the Body: Sanyam and Swasthya; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail, Programs to ensure Sanyam and Swasthya.</p>	5
3	<p><b>Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society- Harmony in Human-Human Relationship</b></p> <p>Understanding harmony in the Family, Understanding values in human-human relationship; meaning of Nyaya and program for its fulfillment to ensure Ubhay-tripti; Trust (Vishwas) and Respect (Samman) , meaning of Vishwas; Difference between intention and competence, meaning of Samman, Difference between respect and differentiation;</p> <p>the other salient values in relationship, harmony in the society , Samadhan, Samridhi, Abhay, Sah-astitva as comprehensive Human Goals , Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society (AkhandSamaj), Universal Order (SarvabhaumVyawastha )- from family to world family.</p>	5
4	<p><b>Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence - Whole existence as Coexistence</b></p> <p>Understanding the harmony in the Nature. Interconnectedness and mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature- recyclability and self-regulation in nature. Understanding Existence as Co-existence</p>	5



	(Sah-astitva) of mutually interacting units in allpervasive Space. Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence	
<b>5</b>	<b>Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional Ethics. Natural acceptance of human values</b> Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct. Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order. Competence in Professional Ethics: a) Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order, b) Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people-friendly and eco-friendly production systems, technologies and management models. Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order: At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers. Case studies related to values in professional life and individual life.	<b>5</b>
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>25</b>





**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY3-06/ 2FY3-06: Programming for Problem Solving**

**Credit: 2**  
**2L+0T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 100 (IA:20, ETE:80)**  
**End Term Exam: 2 Hours**

<b>SN</b>	<b>CONTENTS</b>	<b>Hours</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Fundamentals of Computer:</b> Stored program architecture of computers, Storage device- Primary memory, and Secondary storage, Random, Direct, Sequential access methods, Concepts of High-level, Assembly and Low-level languages, Representing algorithms through flowchart and pseudo code.	<b>8</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Number system:</b> Data representations, Concepts of radix and representation of numbers in radix r with special cases of r=2, 8, 10 and 16 with conversion from radix r1 to r2, r's and (r-1)'s complement, Binary addition, Binary subtraction, Representation of alphabets.	<b>8</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>C Programming:</b> Problem specification, flow chart, data types, assignment statements, input output statements, developing simple C programs, If statement, for loops, while loops, do-while loops, switch statement, break statement, continue statement, development of C programs using above statements, Arrays, functions, parameter passing, recursion, Programming in C using these statements, Structures, files, pointers and multi file handling.	<b>12</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>28</b>



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY3-07/ 2FY3-07: Basic Mechanical Engineering**

**Credit: 2**  
**2L+0T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 100 (IA:20, ETE:80)**  
**End Term Exam: 2 Hours**

SN	CONTENTS	Hours
1	<b>Fundamentals:</b> Introduction to mechanical engineering, concepts of thermal engineering, mechanical machine design, industrial engineering and manufacturing technology. Steam Boilers classification and types of steam boilers and steam turbines. Introduction and Classification of power plants.	
2	<b>Pumps and IC Engines:</b> Applications and working of Reciprocating and Centrifugal pumps. Introduction, Classification of IC Engines, Main Components of IC Engines, Working of IC Engines and its components.	
3	<b>Refrigeration and Air Conditioning:</b> Introduction, classification and types of refrigeration systems and air-conditioning. Applications of refrigeration and Air-conditioning.	
4	<b>Transmission of Power:</b> Introduction and types of Belt and Rope Drives, Gears.	
5	<b>Primary Manufacturing Processes:</b> Metal Casting Process: Introduction to Casting Process, Patterns, Molding, Furnaces. Metal Forming Processes: Introduction to Forging, Rolling, Extrusion, Drawing. Metal Joining Processes: Introduction to various types of Welding, Gas Cutting, Brazing, and Soldering.	
6	<b>Engineering Materials and Heat Treatment of Steel:</b> Introduction to various engineering materials and their properties.	



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY3-08/ 2FY3-08: Basic Electrical Engineering**

**Credit: 2**  
**2L+0T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 100 (IA:20, ETE:80)**  
**End Term Exam: 2 Hours**

SN	CONTENTS	Hours
1	<b>DC Circuits:</b> Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, Kirchhoff current and voltage laws, Series-Parallel circuits, Node voltage method, Mesh current method, Superposition, Thevenin's, Norton's and Maximum power transfer theorems.	5
2	<b>AC Circuits:</b> Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and r.m.s values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor. Analysis of single-phase AC circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC and RLC combinations (series and parallel), resonance. Three phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.	4
3	<b>Transformers:</b> Ideal and practical transformer, EMF equation, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers, regulation and efficiency.	4
4	<b>Electrical Machines:</b> Generation of rotating magnetic fields, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristic. Starting and speed control of induction motor, single-phase induction motor. Construction, working, torque-speed characteristic and speed control of separately excited DC motor. Construction and working of synchronous generators.	7
5	<b>Power Converters:</b> Semiconductor PN junction diode and transistor (BJT). Characteristics of SCR, power transistor and IGBT. Basic circuits of single phase rectifier with R load, Single phase Inverter, DC-DC converter.	4
6	<b>Electrical Installations:</b> Layout of LT switchgear: Switch fuse unit (SFU), MCB, ELCB, MCCB, Type of earthing. Power measurement, elementary calculations for energy consumption.	4
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>28</b>



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY3-09/ 2FY3-09: Basic Civil Engineering**

**Credit: 2**  
**2L+0T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 100 (IA:20, ETE:80)**  
**End Term Exam: 2 Hours**

SN	CONTENTS	Hours
1	<b>Introduction to objective, scope and outcome the subject</b>	1
2	<b>Introduction:</b> Scope and Specialization of Civil Engineering, Role of civil Engineer in Society, Impact of infrastructural development on economy of country.	2
3	<b>Surveying:</b> Object, Principles & Types of Surveying; Site Plans, Plans& Maps; Scales & Unit of different Measurements. Linear Measurements: Instruments used. Linear Measurement by Tape, Ranging out Survey Lines and overcoming Obstructions; Measurements on sloping ground; Tape corrections, conventional symbols. Angular Measurements: Instruments used; Introduction to Compass Surveying, Bearings and Longitude & Latitude of a Line, Introduction to total station. Levelling: Instrument used, Object of levelling, Methods of levelling in brief, Contour maps.	8
4	<b>Buildings:</b> Selection of site for Buildings, Layout of Building Plan, Types of buildings, Plinth area, carpet area, floor space index, Introduction to building byelaws, concept of sun light and ventilation. Components of Buildings & their functions, Basic concept of R.C.C., Introduction to types of foundation.	3
5	<b>Transportation:</b> Introduction to Transportation Engineering; Traffic and Road Safety: Types and Characteristics of Various Modes of Transportation; Various Road Traffic Signs, Causes of Accidents and Road Safety Measures.	2
6	<b>Environmental Engineering:</b> Environmental Pollution, Environmental Acts and Regulations, Functional Concepts of Ecology, Basics of Species, Biodiversity, Ecosystem, Hydrological Cycle; Chemical Cycles: Carbon, Nitrogen& Phosphorus; Energy Flow in Eco-systems. Water Pollution: Water Quality standards, Introduction to Treatment & Disposal of Waste Water. Reuse and Saving of Water, Rain Water Harvesting.	4  3  2



	<p>Solid Waste Management: Classification of Solid Waste, Collection, Transportation and Disposal of Solid. Recycling of Solid Waste: Energy Recovery, Sanitary Land fill, On-Site Sanitation.</p> <p>Air &amp; Noise Pollution: Primary and Secondary air pollutants, Harmful effects of Air Pollution, Control of Air Pollution. . Noise Pollution, Harmful Effects of noise pollution, control of noise pollution, Global warming &amp; Climate Change, Ozone depletion, Green House effect</p>	<b>3</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>28</b>



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY2-20/ 2FY2-20: Engineering Physics Lab**

**Credit: 1**  
**OL+OT+2P**

**Max. Marks: 50 (IA:30, ETE:20)**

1. To determine the wave length of monochromatic light with the help of Michelson's interferometer.
2. To determine the wave length of sodium light by Newton's Ring.
3. To determine the wave length of prominent lines of mercury by plane diffraction grating with the help of spectrometer.
4. Determination of band gap using a P-N junction diode.
5. To determine the height of given object with the help of sextant.
6. To determine the dispersive power of material of a prism with the help of spectrometer.
7. To study the charge and discharge of a condenser and hence determine the same constant (both current and voltage graphs are to be plotted).
8. To determine the coherence length and coherence time of laser using He - Ne laser.
9. To measure the numerical aperture of an optical fibre.
10. To study the Hall Effect and determine the Hall Voltage and Hall coefficients.



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY2-21/ 2FY2-21: Engineering Chemistry Lab**

**Credit: 1**  
**OL+OT+2P**

**Max. Marks: 50 (IA:30, ETE:20)**

1. Determination the hardness of water by EDTA method
2. Determination of residual chlorine in water
3. Determination of dissolved oxygen in water
4. Determination of the strength of Ferrous Ammonium sulphate solution with the help of  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  solution by using diphenyl amine indicator
5. Determination of the strength of  $CuSO_4$  solution iodometrically by using hypo solution
6. Determination of the strength of  $NaOH$  and  $Na_2CO_3$  in a given alkali mixture
7. Proximate analysis of Coal
8. Determination of the flash & fire point and cloud & pour point of lubricating oil
9. Determination of the kinematic viscosity of lubricating oil by Redwood viscometer no. 1 at different temperature
10. Synthesis of Aspirin/ Paracetamol



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY2-22/ 2FY2-22: Language Lab**

**Credit: 1**  
**OL+OT+2P**

**Max. Marks: 50 (IA:30, ETE:20)**

1. Phonetic Symbols and Transcriptions.
2. Extempore.
3. Group Discussion.
4. Dialogue Writing.
5. Listening comprehension.





**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY2-23/ 2FY2-23: Human Values Activities**

**Credit: 1**  
**OL+OT+2P**

**Max. Marks: 50 (IA:30, ETE:20)**

**PS 1:**

Introduce yourself in detail. What are the goals in your life? How do you set your goals in your life? How do you differentiate between right and wrong? What have been your salient achievements and shortcomings in your life? Observe and analyze them.

**PS 2:**

Now-a-days, there is a lot of talk about many technogenic maladies such as energy and material resource depletion, environmental pollution, global warming, ozone depletion, deforestation, soil degradation, etc. - all these seem to be manmade problems, threatening the survival of life Earth - What is the root cause of these maladies & what is the way out in opinion?

On the other hand, there is rapidly growing danger because of nuclear proliferation, arms race, terrorism, breakdown of relationships, generation gap, depression & suicidal attempts etc. - what do you think, is the root cause of these threats to human happiness and peace - what could be the way out in your opinion?

**PS 3:**

1. Observe that each of us has the faculty of 'Natural Acceptance', based on which one can verify what is right or not right for him. (As such we are not properly trained to listen to our 'Natural Acceptance' and may a time it is also clouded by our strong per-conditioning and sensory attractions).

Explore the following:

- (i) What is 'Naturally Acceptable' to you in relationship the feeling of respect or disrespect for yourself and for others?
- (ii) What is 'naturally Acceptable' to you - to nurture or to exploit others?

Is your living in accordance with your natural acceptance or different from it?

2. Out of the three basic requirements for fulfillment of your aspirations - right understanding, relationship and physical facilities - observe how the problems in your family are related to each. Also observe how much time & effort you devote for each in your daily routine.

**PS 4:**

list down all your important desires. Observe whether the desire is related to Self (I) or the Body. If it appears to be related to both, visualize which part of it is related to Self (I) and which part is related to Body.

**PS 5:**

1. a. Observe that any physical facility you use, follows the given sequence with time:

Necessary and tasteful - unnecessary but still tasteful - unnecessary and tasteless - intolerable

b. In contrast, observe that any feeling in you is either naturally acceptable or not acceptable at all. If not acceptable, you want it continuously and if not acceptable, you do not want it any moment!

2. List down all your important activities. Observe whether the activity is of 'I' or of



Body or with the participation of both or with the participation of both 'I' and Body.  
3. Observe the activities within 'I'. Identify the object of your attention for different moments (over a period of sy 5 to 10 minutes) and draw a line diagram connecting these points. Try observe the link between any two nodes.

**PS 6:**

1. Chalk out some programs towards ensuring your harmony with the body - in terms of nurturing, protection and right utilization of the body.
2. Find out the plants and shrubs growing in and around your campus, which can be useful in curing common diseases.

**PS 7:**

Form small groups in the class and make them carry out a dialogue focusing on the following eight questions related to 'TRUST';

- 1a. Do I want to make myself happy?
- 2a. Do I want to make the other happy?
- 3a. Does the other want to make himself/herself happy?
- 4a. Does the other want to make me happy?

What is the answer?

Intention (Natural Acceptance)

- 1b. Am I able to always make myself happy?
- 2b. Am I able to always make the other happy?
- 3b. Is the other able to always make himself/herself happy?

What is the answer?

Let each student answer the questions for himself and everyone else. Discuss the difference between intention and competence. Observe whether you evaluate yourself and others on the basis of intention/competence.

**PS 8:**

1. Observe, on how many occasions, you are able to respect your related ones (by doing the right evaluation) and on how many occasions you are disrespecting by way of under-evaluation, over-evaluation or otherwise evaluation.
2. Also, observe whether your feeling of respect is based on treating the other as you would treat yourself or on differentiations based on body, physical facilities or beliefs.

**PS 9:**

1. Write a narration in the form of a story, poem, skit or essay to clarify a salient Human Value to the children.
2. Recollect and narrate an incident in your life where you were able to exhibit willful adherence to values in a difficult situation.

**PS 10:**

List down some common units (things) of Nature which you come across in your daily life and classify them in the four orders of Nature. Analyse and explain the aspect of mutual fulfillment of each unit with other orders.

**PS 11:**

Make a chart to show the whole existence as co-existence. With the help of this chart try to identify the role and the scope of some of the courses of your study. Also indicate the areas which are being either over-emphasized or ignored in the present context.

**PS 12:**

Identify any two important problems being faced by the society today and analyze the root cause of these problems. Can these be solved on the basis of natural acceptance of human values. If so, how should one proceed in this direction from



the present situation?

**PS 13:**

1. Suggest ways in which you can use your knowledge of Science/Technology/Management etc. for moving towards a universal human order.
2. Propose a broad outline for humanistic Constitution at the level of Nation.

**PS 14:**

The course is going to be over now. It is time to evaluate what difference in your thinking it has made. Summarize the core message of this course grasped by you. How has this affected you in terms of;

- a. Thought
- b. Behavior
- c. Work and
- d. Realization

What practical steps are you able to visualize for the transition of the society from its present state.

**Project:**

**Every student required to take-up a social project e.g. educating children in needy/weaker section, services in hospitals, NGO's and other such work i.e. social work at villages adopted by respective institute/ college.**



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY3-24/ 2FY3-24: Computer Programming Lab**

**Credit: 1.5**  
**OL+OT+3P**

**Max. Marks: 75 (IA:45, ETE:30)**

1. To learn about the C Library, Preprocessor directive, Input-output statement.
2. Programs to learn data type, variables, If-else statement
3. Programs to understand nested if-else statement and switch statement
4. Programs to learn iterative statements like while and do-while loops
5. Programs to understand for loops for iterative statements
6. Programs to learn about array and string operations
7. Programs to understand sorting and searching using array
8. Programs to learn functions and recursive functions
9. Programs to understand Structure and Union operation
10. Programs to learn Pointer operations
11. Programs to understand File handling operations
12. Programs to input data through Command line argument



## I & II Semester

### Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology

#### 1FY3-25/ 2FY3-25: Manufacturing Practices Workshop

**Credit: 1.5**  
**OL+OT+3P**

**Max. Marks: 75 (IA:45, ETE:30)**

#### **Carpentry Shop**

1. T – Lap joint
2. Bridle joint

#### **Foundry Shop**

3. Mould of any pattern
4. Casting of any simple pattern

#### **Welding Shop**

5. Lap joint by gas welding
6. Butt joint by arc welding
7. Lap joint by arc welding
8. Demonstration of brazing, soldering & gas cutting

#### **Machine Shop Practice**

9. Job on lathe with one step turning and chamfering operations

#### **Fitting and Sheet Metal Shop**

10. Finishing of two sides of a square piece by filing
11. Making mechanical joint and soldering of joint on sheet metal
12. To cut a square notch using hacksaw and to drill a hole and tapping



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY3-26/ 2FY3-26: Basic Electrical Engineering Lab**

**Credit: 1**  
**OL+OT+2P**

**Max. Marks: 50 (IA:30, ETE:20)**

1. Basic safety precautions. Introduction and use of measuring instruments – voltmeter, ammeter, multi-meter, oscilloscope. Real-life resistors, capacitors and inductors.
2. Transformers: Observation of the no-load current waveform on an oscilloscope. Loading of a transformer: measurement of primary and secondary voltages and currents, and power.
3. Three-phase transformers: Star and Delta connections. Voltage and Current relationships (line-line voltage, phase-to-neutral voltage, line and phase currents).Phase-shifts between the primary and secondary side.
4. Demonstration of cut-out sections of machines: dc machine (commutator-brush arrangement), induction machine (squirrel cage rotor), synchronous machine (field winding - slip ring arrangement) and single-phase induction machine.
5. Torque Speed Characteristic of separately excited dc motor.
6. Demonstration of (a) dc-dc converters (b) dc-ac converters – PWM waveform (c) the use of dc-ac converter for speed control of an induction motor and (d) Components of LT switchgear.



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY3-27/ 2FY3-27: Basic Civil Engineering Lab**

**Credit: 1**  
**OL+OT+2P**

**Max. Marks: 50 (IA:30, ETE:20)**

1. Linear Measurement by Tape:
  - a) Ranging and Fixing of Survey Station along straight line and across obstacles.
  - b) Laying perpendicular offset along the survey line
2. Compass Survey: Measurement of bearing of lines using Surveyor's and Prismatic compass
3. Levelling: Using Tilting/ Dumpy/ Automatic Level
  - a) To determine the reduced levels in closed circuit.
  - b) To carry out profile levelling and plot longitudinal and cross sections for road by Height of Instrument and Rise & Fall Method.
4. To study and take measurements using various electronic surveying instruments like EDM, Total Station etc.
5. To determine pH, hardness and turbidity of the given sample of water.
6. To study various water supply Fittings.
7. To determine the pH and total solids of the given sample of sewage.
8. To study various Sanitary Fittings.



**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY3-28/ 2FY3-28: Computer Aided Engineering Graphics**

**Credit: 1.5**  
**OL+OT+3P**

**Max. Marks: 75 (IA:45, ETE:30)**

**Introduction:** Principles of drawing, lines, type of lines, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Conic sections including parabola, hyperbola, Rectangular Hyperbola (General method only); Scales-Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales.

**Projections of Point & Lines:** Position of Point, Notation System, Systematic Approach for projections of points, front view & Top view of point, Position of straight lines, line parallel to Both the RPs, Line perpendicular to either of the RPs, Line inclined to one RP and parallel to the other, Line inclined to Both the RPs, Traces of a line (One drawing sheet, one assignment in sketch book).

**Projection of Planes:** Positions of planes, Terms used in projections of planes, plane parallel to RP, plane inclined to one RP and perpendicular to the other RP, plane perpendicular to Both the RPs, plane Inclined to Both the RPs, True shape of the plane, Distance of a point from plane, Angle between two planes.

**Projections of Regular Solids:** frustum and truncated solids, those inclined to both the Planes-Auxiliary Views.

**Section of Solids:** Theory of sectioning, section of prisms and cubes, section of pyramids and Tetrahedron section of Cylinders, section of cones, section of spheres (One drawing sheet, one assignment in sketch book)

**Overview of Computer Graphics :** Covering theory of CAD software [such as: The menu System, Toolbars (standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Drawing Area (Background, Crosshairs, Coordinate System), Dialog boxes and windows, Shortcut menus (Button Bars), Command Line (where applicable), The Status Bar, Different methods of zoom as used in CAD, Select and erase objects.: Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids.





**I & II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**1FY3-29/ 2FY3-29: Computer Aided Machine Drawing**

**Credit: 1.5**  
**OL+OT+3P**

**Max. Marks: 75 (IA:45, ETE:30)**

**Introduction:** Principles of drawing, conventional representation of machine components and materials, lines, types of lines, dimensioning types, rules of dimensioning.

**Conversion of pictorial views into orthographic views:** (1 drawing sheet) Introduction to orthographic projection, concept of first angle and third angle projection, drawing of simple machine elements in first angle projection, missing view problems covering Principles of Orthographic Projections.

**Sectional views of mechanical components:** (1 drawing sheet) Introduction, cutting plane line, type of sectional views-full section, half section, partial or broken section, revolved section, removed section, offset section, sectioning conventions-spokes, web rib, shaft, pipes, different types of holes, conventions of section lines for different metals and materials.

**Fasteners and other mechanical components:** (Free hand sketch) Temporary and permanent fasteners, thread nomenclature and forms, thread series, designation, representation of threads, bolted joints, locking arrangement of nuts, screws, washers, foundation bolts etc., keys, types of keys, cotter and knuckle joints. Riveted joints, rivets and riveting, type of rivets, types of riveted joints etc. Bearing: Ball, roller, needle, foot step bearing. Coupling: Protected type, flange, and pin type flexible coupling. Other components: Welded joints, belts and pulleys, pipes and pipe joints, valves etc.

**Overview of Computer Graphics:** (2 drawing sheets) Covering theory of CAD software such as: The menu System, Toolbars (Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Drawing Area (Background, Crosshairs, Coordinate System), Dialog boxes and windows, Shortcut menus (Button Bars), Command Line (Where applicable), The Status Bar, Different methods of zoom as used in CAD, Select and erase objects.: Isometric Views of Lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids.



**II Semester**  
**Common to all branches of UG Engineering & Technology**

**2FY2-01: Engineering Mathematics-II**

**Credit: 4**  
**3L+1T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 200 (IA:40, ETE:160)**  
**End Term Exam: 3 Hours**

SN	CONTENTS	Hours
1	<b>Matrices:</b> Rank of a matrix, rank-nullity theorem; System of linear equations; Symmetric, skew-symmetric and orthogonal matrices; Eigenvalues and eigenvectors; Diagonalization of matrices; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, and Orthogonal transformation.	10
2	<b>First order ordinary differential equations:</b> Linear and Bernoulli's equations, Exact equations, Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for $p$ , equations solvable for $y$ , equations solvable for $x$ and Clairaut's type.	6
3	<b>Ordinary differential equations of higher orders:</b> Linear Differential Equations of Higher order with constant coefficients, Simultaneous Linear Differential Equations, Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients: Homogenous and Exact forms, one part of CF is known, Change of dependent and independent variables, method of variation of parameters, Cauchy-Euler equation; Power series solutions including Legendre differential equation and Bessel differential equations.	12
4	<b>Partial Differential Equations – First order:</b> Order and Degree, Formation; Linear Partial differential equations of First order, Lagrange's Form, Non Linear Partial Differential equations of first order, Charpit's method, Standard forms.	6
5	<b>Partial Differential Equations– Higher order:</b> Classification of Second order partial differential equations, Separation of variables method to simple problems in Cartesian coordinates including two dimensional Laplace, one dimensional Heat and one dimensional Wave equations.	6
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>40</b>





# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE2-01 : Advanced Engineering Mathematics-I

Credit: 3  
3L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 150(IA:30, ETE: 120)  
End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Complex Variables:</b> Analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations, Elementary conformal mapping with simple applications, Line integral in complex domain, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, Taylor's series, Laurent's series, Poles, Residues, evaluation of simple definite real integrals using the theorem of residues. Simple contour integration.	14
2	<b>Introduction to Statistics:</b> Probability distribution: Bimodal, Poisson, Uniform, Normal, Correlation and Regression, Linear regression, Confidence limits, types of errors, testing of hypothesis based on normal, Chi-square test, F-test, Z-test, Student's T-test. Comparison of means and variances.	12
3	<b>Finite differences-</b> Forward, Backward, and Central differences, Newton's forward and backward difference interpolation formulae, Stirling's formula. Numerical differentiation, Numerical Integration – Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's one-third and three-eighth rule. Introduction to numerical solution of ordinary differential equation	14
<b>Total</b>		<b>40</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE1-02/4PE1-02: Technical Communication

Credit: 2  
2L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 100(IA:20, ETE:80)  
End Term Exam: 2 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction to Technical Communication-</b> Definition of technical communication, Aspects of technical communication, forms of technical communication, importance of technical communication, technical communication skills (Listening, speaking, writing, reading writing), linguistic ability, style in technical communication.	4
2	<b>Comprehension of Technical Materials/Texts and Information Design &amp; development-</b> Reading of technical texts, Reading and comprehending instructions and technical manuals, Interpreting and summarizing technical texts, Note-making. Introduction of different kinds of technical documents, Information collection, factors affecting information and document design, Strategies for organization, Information design and writing for print and online media.	6
3	<b>Technical Writing, Grammar and Editing-</b> Technical writing process, forms of technical discourse, Writing, drafts and revising, Basics of grammar, common error in writing and speaking, Study of advanced grammar, Editing strategies to achieve appropriate technical style, Introduction to advanced technical communication. Planning, drafting and writing Official Notes, Letters, E-mail, Resume, Job Application, Minutes of Meetings.	8
4	<b>Advanced Technical Writing-</b> Technical Reports, types of technical reports, Characteristics and formats and structure of technical reports. Technical Project Proposals, types of technical proposals, Characteristics and formats and structure of technical proposals. Technical Articles, types of technical articles, Writing strategies, structure and formats of technical articles.	8
<b>Total</b>		<b>26</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE1-03/4PE1-03 : Managerial Economics and Financial Accounting

**Credit: 2**  
**2L+0T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 100(IA:20, ETE:80)**  
**End Term Exam: 2 Hours**

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Basic economic concepts-</b> Meaning, nature and scope of economics, deductive vs inductive methods, static and dynamics, Economic problems: scarcity and choice, circular flow of economic activity, national income-concepts and measurement.	4
2	<b>Demand and Supply analysis-</b> Demand-types of demand, determinants of demand, demand function, elasticity of demand, demand forecasting –purpose, determinants and methods, Supply-determinants of supply, supply function, elasticity of supply.	5
3	<b>Production and Cost analysis-</b> Theory of production- production function, law of variable proportions, laws of returns to scale, production optimization, least cost combination of inputs, isoquants. Cost concepts-explicit and implicit cost, fixed and variable cost, opportunity cost, sunk costs, cost function, cost curves, cost and output decisions, cost estimation.	5
4	<b>Market structure and pricing theory-</b> Perfect competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic competition, Oligopoly.	4
5	<b>Financial statement analysis-</b> Balance sheet and related concepts, profit and loss statement and related concepts, financial ratio analysis, cash-flow analysis, funds-flow analysis, comparative financial statement, analysis and interpretation of financial statements, capital budgeting techniques.	8
<b>Total</b>		<b>26</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE3-04: Petroleum Geology

Credit: 3

Max. Marks: 150(IA:30, ETE: 120)

3L+0T+0P

End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction</b> -Branches of geology useful to petroleum engineering, scope of geological studies in petroleum exploration & production.	4
2	<b>Mineralogy</b> -Minerals: General characteristics, Origin and composition, physical properties, classification, common rock forming minerals and clay minerals, basic of optical mineralogy, SEM, XRD., megascopic identification of common primary & secondary minerals.	6
3	<b>Petrology</b> -Rock forming processes. Rock cycle & Specific gravity of rocks. Igneous petrology- Introduction, structure of earth, Characteristics of different types of magma. Division of rock on the basis of depth of formation, and their chemical and mechanical characteristics. Chemical and mineralogical Composition. Texture and structure. Various forms of rocks. Classification of igneous rock, Field Classification chart. Descriptions of some common volcanic, hypabyssal and plutonic rocks. Sedimentary petrology & petrography: mode of formation of sedimentary rock, Texture and its types, grain size, grain shape, sorting & composition. Mechanically and chemically formed Structures. Classification of sedimentary rocks and their characteristics. Metamorphic petrology- Introduction, Agents and types of metamorphism, composition, and classification. Descriptions of some common metamorphic rock.	10
4	<b>Structural Geology:</b> Introduction of structural geology, Strength Behavior of Rocks- Stress and Strain in rocks. Concept of Brittle and Ductile deformation of rocks. Concepts of plate tectonics and continental drift. Attitude of planar and linear structures. Dip and Strike. Fold- Types and nomenclature, Criteria for their recognition in field. Faults: Classification, recognition in field. Identification of structures from bore-hole data. Joints & Unconformity: Types, Stresses responsible. Salt and mud domes. Effects of folds, faults & salt domes on strata and their importance in petroleum exploration. Tectonics and basin formation, elements of basin analysis.	10
5	<b>Stratigraphy:</b> Earth's history in rock record, introduction of stratigraphic principles – lithostratigraphy, cyclostratigraphy, chronostratigraphy, event stratigraphy. Indian Geological time-scale, Introduction to paleontology, fossils & microfossils and their mode of preservation, significance of microfossils in petroleum exploration, broad stratigraphic subdivisions and associated rock types of important coal basins and oil basins of India	10
<b>Total</b>		<b>40</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE4-05: Fluid Mechanics

(Common with Petrochemical & Chemical Engineering)

Credit: 3  
3L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 150(IA:30, ETE: 120)  
End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Properties of fluids;</b> Classification; Ideal fluid, Newtonian and Non-Newtonian fluids; Newton's law of viscosity. Pascal's and Hydrostatic law, manometers. Types of manometer.	5
2	<b>Fluid Statics:</b> fluid pressure and its measurement.	3
3	<b>Fluid Kinetics:</b> Continuity equation; types of flow	3
4	<b>Fluid dynamics:</b> One dimensional equation of motion; Bernoulli's equation; application; application of Bernoulli's equation. Friction losses in pipe flow, valves and fittings, k-values, sudden expansion and contraction, pipe flow problems Nozzle. Introduction to laminar & turbulent flow. Velocity Distribution for turbulent flow, concept of Reynolds number & friction factor.	8
5	<b>Flow through Pipes</b> – Darcy – Weisbach's equation. Head loss in pipes. Pipes in series/ Parallel. Classification, basic construction and application of different types of pumps.	6
6	<b>Pump:</b> Centrifugal pump, Principles and application in Bernoulli's theorem Types of Pump:Axial pumps, Gear pump, Plunger Pumps Vane pump, Reciprocation pump and Screw pump. Characteristic Curves of Pumps. Valves, types of valves	5
7	<b>Flow Metering:</b> Metering of fluids; orifice meter, Venturimeter, Pitot tube, Rotameter, Notches, Gas flow meters, coefficient of discharge.	6
	<b>Total</b>	<b>36</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE4-06 : Drilling Fluids and Cementing

Credit: 3  
3L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 150(IA:30, ETE: 120)

End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction to Drilling Fluids:</b> Overview of drilling fluids, Basic functions, preparation, properties, maintenance and treatments of drilling fluids, testing of drilling fluid additives	8
2	<b>Classification, types and applications of drilling fluids:</b> Water based, oil based, emulsion based, polymer based, surfactant based, foam based and aerated drilling fluids, Criteria of selection of drilling fluid additives and salinity of drilling fluids. Determination of drilling fluid properties. Drilling fluid calculations.	8
3	<b>Cementing:</b> Purpose. Oil well Cements: Manufacture, composition, API classes of Portland cements and composition, Selection of cement for specific well application	8
4	<b>Cement Slurry:</b> Slurry design, cement and slurry characteristics, cement additives, factors influencing cement slurry design.	8
5	<b>Cementing Methods:</b> Primary cementing, stage cementing, liner cementing, plugging, squeeze cementing techniques in practice. Deep well cementing, squeeze jobs, prevention of gas channeling, HT-HP environments, analysis and techniques of evaluation of cement job. Characteristics of good quality cementation and evaluation. Cementing calculations.	8
<b>Total</b>		<b>40</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE4-07: Drilling Technology-I

Credit: 3  
3L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 150(IA:30, ETE: 120)

End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction to Oil &amp; Gas Well Drilling:</b> Well planning, Drilling techniques, Drilling Rigs in onshore, Offshore and deep sea environments, Types of wells	4
2	<b>Rotary Drilling Technique:</b> Rig components & functions, Lay out of the rig	6
3	<b>Drilling System:</b> Hoisting System, Mud Circulation System, Rotation, Power System, Well Control system, Rig Wireline System handling & storage.	8
4	<b>Casing String &amp; Drill String:</b> Casing types, Functions of different casing, Selection and design of casing, Drill string components & their functions.	4
5	<b>Drill Bits:</b> Drill bit types and function.	2
6	<b>Geological considerations in Drilling:</b> Geo-technical order (GTO), Lithology of well.	2
7	<b>Advanced Techniques in Drilling:</b> Introduction to Directional drilling & other advanced techniques, MWD.	4
8	<b>Drilling Problems and its Prevention:</b> Well kick, blowout: Prevention and safety, Sloughing shale, Formation damage, Environmental issues, Thief zone, Lost circulation, Under balance Drilling	8
9	<b>Other Considerations While Drilling:</b> Dog-legs, Side tracking and coring, Fishing	2
<b>Total</b>		<b>40</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE4-21: Fluid Mechanics Lab

Credit: 2  
OL+OT+4P

Max. Marks: 100(IA:60, ETE: 40)

#### List of Experiment

1. Reynolds experiment for Laminar, transitional and turbulent flow identification, through Reynolds apparatus.
2. Verification of Bernoulli's Equation through Bernoulli's Theorem Apparatus.
3. Determination of coefficient of Discharge for Orifice, Venturimeter through Venturimeter and orifice meter test rig.
4. Estimation of losses through pipe fitting, sudden enlargement and contraction frictional Pressure drop in Circular pipes.
5. Verification of Darcy's Law through Darcy apparatus.
6. To Study Construction, Working of Centrifugal, Reciprocating, Gear and Plunger Pumps through test rig.
7. To Study pitot tube apparatus and cavitation apparatus in a pipe flow.



# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE4-22 : Drilling Fluids & Cementing Lab

Credit: 1

Max. Marks: 50(IA:30, ETE: 20)

OL+OT+2P

#### List of Experiment

1. Measurement of mud weight
2. Measurement of mud density.
3. Measurement of mud plastic viscosity.
4. Measurement of gel strength.
5. Determination of filtration loss
6. Determination of Sand content
7. Determination of consistency of cement slurry.
8. Determination of the setting points of the cement based slurries.



# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE4-23: DBMS Lab

**Credit: 2**  
**OL+OT+4P**

**Max. Marks: 100(IA:60, ETE: 40)**

#### List of Experiment

Objectives: At the end of the semester, the students should have clearly understood and implemented the following:

1. Stating a database design & application problem.
2. Preparing ER diagram
3. Finding the data fields to be used in the database.
4. Selecting fields for keys.
5. Normalizing the database including analysis of functional dependencies.
6. Installing and configuring the database server and the front end tools.
7. Designing database and writing applications for manipulation of data for a standalone and shared data base including concepts like concurrency control, transaction roll back, logging, report generation etc.
8. Get acquainted with SQL.

In order to achieve the above objectives, it is expected that each students will chose one problem. The implementation shall being with the statement of the objectives to be achieved, preparing ER diagram, designing of database, normalization and finally manipulation of the database including generation of reports, views etc. The problem may first be implemented for a standalone system to be used by a single user. All the above steps may then be followed for development of a database application to be used by multiple users in a client server environment with access control. The application shall NOT use web techniques. One exercise may be assigned on creation of table, manipulation of data and report generation using SQL.

Suggested Tools:

For standalone environment, Visual FoxPro or any similar database having both the database and manipulation language may be used.

For multi-user application, MYSql is suggested. However, any other database may also be used. For front end, VB.Net, Java, VB Script or any other convenient but currently used by industry may be chosen. Indicative List of exercises:

1. Student information system for your college.
2. Student grievance registration and redressal system.
3. A video library management system for a shop.
4. Inventory management system for a hardware/ sanitary item shop.
5. Inventory management system for your college.
6. Guarantee management system for the equipments in your college.



# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 3PE4-24: Petroleum Geology Lab

Credit: 1  
OL+OT+2P

Max. Marks: 50(IA:30, ETE: 20)

#### List of Experiment

1. Study of physical properties of the minerals
2. Study of physical properties of the rocks
3. Identification of minerals in hand specimen
4. Identification of rocks (Igneous) in hand specimen.
5. Identification of rocks (Sedimentary) in hand specimen.
6. Identification of rocks (Metamorphic) in hand specimen.
7. Study of thin section of important minerals & rocks.
8. Study of topographical features from Geological maps
9. Interpretation of geological structures from surface geological maps.
10. Interpretation of subsurface geological structures from borehole data
11. Preparation of subsurface structural contours map.
12. Identification of Geological features through wooden Models.  
Field visits for Geological structures & stratigraphy exposures.



# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

<b>Industrial Training</b>		
<b>Code: 3PE7-30</b>	<b>Credit: 1</b>	<b>Max. Marks: 50(IA:30, ETE: 20)</b>

Student has to undergo mandatory 15 days In-house/Industry training after II semester. Training Examination will be held in III Semester

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - III Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

<b>Social Outreach, Discipline &amp; Extra Curricular Activities(SODECA)</b>		
<b>Code: 3PE8-00</b>	<b>Credit: 0.5</b>	<b>Max. Marks: 25(IA:0, ETE: 25)</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE2-01: Surveying

Credit: 3  
3L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 150 (IA:30, ETE:120)  
End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction:</b> Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2	<b>Introduction to Surveying:</b> Objective of surveying and its importance, Classification, principles of surveying, Application of Surveying in various fields of Engineering.	3
3	<b>Linear &amp; Angular measurements:</b> Methods and Techniques. Theory and characteristics of electromagnetic waves, radio waves, infra red, laser waves, principle of distance measurement with EDMs.	8
4	<b>Theodolite:</b> The essentials of transit theodolite, definition and terms, temporary adjustments, measurement of horizontal and vertical angles, different operations and sources of error, theodolite traversing, Omitted Measurements.	8
5	<b>Total Station:</b> Principle, working and construction. Corrections to be applied.	6
6	<b>Leveling instruments:</b> Definition, different type of leveling instruments, curvatures and refraction corrections, reciprocal leveling, errors in leveling and problem solving, Contouring	6
7	<b>Plane Table Surveying:</b> Principle and Methods in brief.	4
8	<b>Global Positioning System (GPS):</b> Theory, principles and applications <b>GIS:</b> Introduction to GIS, Its application in mapping.	4
<b>Total</b>		<b>40</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE1-03/3PE1-03: Managerial Economics and Financial Accounting

**Credit: 2**  
**2L+0T+0P**

**Max. Marks: 100(IA:20, ETE:80)**  
**End Term Exam: 2 Hours**

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction:</b> Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2	<b>Basic economic concepts-</b> Meaning, nature and scope of economics, deductive vs inductive methods, static and dynamics, Economic problems: scarcity and choice, circular flow of economic activity, national income-concepts and measurement.	3
3	<b>Demand and Supply analysis-</b> Demand-types of demand, determinants of demand, demand function, elasticity of demand, demand forecasting –purpose, determinants and methods, Supply-determinants of supply, supply function, elasticity of supply.	5
4	<b>Production and Cost analysis-</b> Theory of production- production function, law of variable proportions, laws of returns to scale, production optimization, least cost combination of inputs, isoquants. Cost concepts-explicit and implicit cost, fixed and variable cost, opportunity cost, sunk costs, cost function, cost curves, cost and output decisions, cost estimation.	5
5	<b>Market structure and pricing theory-</b> Perfect competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic competition, Oligopoly.	4
6	<b>Financial statement analysis-</b> Balance sheet and related concepts, profit and loss statement and related concepts, financial ratio analysis, cash-flow analysis, funds-flow analysis, comparative financial statement, analysis and interpretation of financial statements, capital budgeting techniques.	8
<b>Total</b>		<b>26</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE1-02/3PE1-02: Technical Communication

Credit: 2  
2L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 100(IA:20, ETE:80)

End Term Exam: 2 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction:</b> Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2	<b>Introduction to Technical Communication-</b> Definition of technical communication, Aspects of technical communication, forms of technical communication, importance of technical communication, technical communication skills (Listening, speaking, writing, reading writing), linguistic ability, style in technical communication.	3
3	<b>Comprehension of Technical Materials/Texts and Information Design &amp; development-</b> Reading of technical texts, Reading and comprehending instructions and technical manuals, Interpreting and summarizing technical texts, Note-making. Introduction of different kinds of technical documents, Information collection, factors affecting information and document design, Strategies for organization, Information design and writing for print and online media.	6
4	<b>Technical Writing, Grammar and Editing-</b> Technical writing process, forms of technical discourse, Writing, drafts and revising, Basics of grammar, common error in writing and speaking, Study of advanced grammar, Editing strategies to achieve appropriate technical style, Introduction to advanced technical communication. Planning, drafting and writing Official Notes, Letters, E-mail, Resume, Job Application, Minutes of Meetings.	8
5	<b>Advanced Technical Writing-</b> Technical Reports, types of technical reports, Characteristics and formats and structure of technical reports. Technical Project Proposals, types of technical proposals, Characteristics and formats and structure of technical proposals. Technical Articles, types of technical articles, Writing strategies, structure and formats of technical articles.	8
<b>Total</b>		<b>26</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE3-04: Sedimentology & Geochemistry

Credit: 3  
3L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 150 (IA:30, ETE:120)  
End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction:</b> Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2	<b>Sedimentology:-</b> Introduction to Sedimentology, characteristic of sedimentary rock, Detailed study of clastic, carbonate rocks, evaporites, coal and oil shales. Sedimentary Environments and Facies analysis:- Concept of sedimentary environments. Environmental parameters and their control. Classification of environments. Continental Environments: Fluvial, lacustrine, Paluda, Eolian & Glacial. Transitional to Shallow Marine Environments: Deltas, Beaches and Barrier Islands, Clastic shelf, carbonate shelves and platforms, Deep Marine: Pelagic & Turbidites. Concept of tectonics and sedimentation. Role of environmental analysis in petroleum exploration. Elements of sequence stratigraphy.	19
3	<b>Petroleum Geochemistry:-</b> Introduction to Petroleum Geochemistry, Theories of origin of petroleum, Biomass composition, Sedimentary organic matter, Transformation of sedimentary organic matter into kerogen, Transformation of kerogen into oil and gas. Migration of oil and gas: mechanism, pattern and barriers. Reservoir rocks and cap rocks. Entrapment of oil- types and mechanism. Accumulation of oil and gas. Composition and classification of petroleum, Laboratory analysis equipment and methods, Biomarkers, Stable isotopes, Source rock characterisation and evaluation in terms of quantity, quality and maturation of organic matter – Analytical techniques, Oil to oil and oil to source correlation, gas to gas and gas to source correlation, Quantification and Modelling of hydrocarbon generation and accumulation. Surface indications of subsurface oil and gas accumulations – microseeps. Surface geochemical prospecting methods, Unconventional petroleum sources: CBM, shale gas & oil and Gas hydrate. Geology of prospective basins of India.	20
<b>Total</b>		<b>40</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE4-05: Reservoir Engineering-I

Credit: 3  
3L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 150 (IA:30, ETE:120)  
End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction:</b> Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2	<b>Fundamental concepts:</b> Introduction to Hydrocarbon Reservoir, Pressure-Temperature diagram, Fluid pressure regimes	5
3	<b>Rock properties:</b> Porosity & Permeability: Types & Determination, Permeability in Series & parallel combination of beds Fluid saturation, Wettability, surface and interfacial tension, Capillary Pressure, Permeability- Klinkenberg effect, averaging absolute permeabilities, Rock compressibility, net pay thickness, reservoir heterogeneity	10
4	<b>Crude oil properties:</b> Density, gravity, viscosity, gas solubility, bubble point pressure, oil formation volume factor	4
5	<b>Natural gas properties:</b> Compressibility, gas formation volume factor, viscosity	4
6	<b>Water properties:</b> Viscosity, gas solubility, water formation volume factor	4
7	<b>Flow of Fluids through Porous Media :</b> Fluid types, flow regimes, Darcy's law, single and multiphase flow, linear, radial & spherical flow, steady state, unsteady state and pseudosteady state flow, GOR, WOR equation	6
8	<b>Phase behavior:</b> Equations of States (EOS), Reservoir fluid sampling, PVT properties determination and their significance, Laboratory PVT Analysis	6
<b>Total</b>		<b>40</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE4-06: Petroleum Production Engineering-I

Credit: 3  
3L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 150 (IA:30, ETE:120)  
End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction:</b> Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2	<b>Surface Production Equipment:</b> Well wellhead assembly and attachments, Casing hangers, Christmas tree assemblies, Valves, Components and design considerations of wellhead equipment and choke, Surface Safety Valve.	9
3	<b>Subsurface Production Equipment:</b> Sub Surface Safety Valve, choke sizing, Bottom-hole chokes and regulators, Circulation devices, Expansion joints, Safety joints, Landing nipples, Production packers,	10
4	<b>Well Completion Engineering:</b> Well completion planning & design, Types of completion, Well completion equipment, Well completion fluid, Completion procedure, Well perforation, Shaped charge perforation operation., Perforation fluid, Well activation, Factors affecting perforation efficiency& productivity.	10
5	<b>Inflow performance relationship:</b> Introduction to inflow performance, Productivity index. PVT properties of oil, water and gas. Flow efficiency, Darcy's Law, Formation damage diagnosis of Skin effect, IPR in case of different drive mechanism. Vogel IPR equation, Standing's extension. Fetkovich approximation.	10
<b>Total</b>		<b>40</b>

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# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE4-07: Applied Thermodynamics

(Common with Chemical Engineering & Petrochemical Engineering)

Credit: 3  
3L+0T+0P

Max. Marks: 150 (IA:30, ETE:120)  
End Term Exam: 3 Hours

SN	Contents	Hours
1	<b>Introduction:</b> Objective, scope and outcome of the course.	1
2	<b>Review of first and second law of thermodynamics.</b>	7
3	<b>Vapor-liquid equilibrium:</b> phase rule, simple models for VLE; VLE by modified Raoult's law; VLE from K-value correlations; Flash calculations.	10
4	<b>Solution Thermodynamics:</b> fundamental property relationships, free energy and chemical potential, partial properties, definition of fugacity and fugacity coefficient of pure species and species in solution, the ideal solution and excess properties. Liquid phase properties from VLE, Models for excess Gibbs energy, heat effects and property change on mixing. UNIFAC and UNIQUAC models. Liquid-Liquid Equilibria; Vapor-Liquid-Liquid Equilibria; Solid-Liquid Equilibria; Solid-Gas Equilibria.	12
5	<b>Chemical reaction equilibria:</b> equilibrium criterion, equilibrium constant, evaluation of equilibrium constant at different temperatures, equilibrium conversion of single reactions, multi-reaction equilibria. Introduction to molecular/statistical thermodynamics.	10
<b>Total</b>		<b>40</b>

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## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE4-21: Reservoir Engineering Lab

**Credit: 2**  
**OL+OT+4P**

**Max. Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE:40)**

#### List of Experiment

1. Determination of porosity of rock samples by Helium Porosimeter
2. Determination of permeability using Gas Permeameter.
3. Determination of permeability using Liquid Permeameter.
4. Determination of surface tension of various Petroleum fractions.
5. Determination of porosity of rock samples by saturation method.
6. Study of Ternary phase diagram with oil fraction/water/alcohol.
7. Study of computation of Amount of initial gas in place and gas reserves using production vs. time data and decline curve analysis method,
8. Study of computation of permeability and skin Using chart scanner and a recorded bottom hole, built-up chart and production data before shut down



# RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA

## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE4-22: Sedimentology & Geochemistry Lab

Credit: 2  
OL+OT+4P

Max. Marks: 100 (IA:60, ETE:40)

#### List of Experiment

1. Identification of clastic and carbonate sedimentary rocks.
2. Study of thin section of Sedimentary rocks.
3. Calculation of oil reserves in defined structures.
4. Structure contour map, description of structure, profile construction, marking oil/water contact, proposal for new well.
5. Finding oil-water contact from borehole data
6. Preparation of isopach maps of reservoir facies.
7. Interpretation of geological map, reconstruction of stratigraphic succession.
8. Study of Rock-Eval logs to identify source rock sequences
9. Study of geochemical parameters of oil and gas to correlate petroleum pools
10. Study of surface microseep anomaly maps to prioritize prospects
11. Quantification of hydrocarbon generation
12. Field visits for sedimentological Exposure.





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## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE4-23: Surveying Lab

Credit: 1  
OL+OT+2P

Max. Marks: 50 (IA:30, ETE:20)

#### List of Experiment

1. Measurement and adjustment of included angles of traverse using prismatic compass.
2. To determine the reduced levels using Tilting Level.
3. To determine the reduce levels in closed circuit using Dumpy Level.
4. Prepare contour map by levelling.
5. Measurement of horizontal angle.  
By method of repetition.  
By method of Reiteration.
6. Study of Global Positioning System (GPS) and measurement with GPS.
7. Study of total station and measurement with total station.

**Note : Above exercise must be performed using Total station to the maximum possible extent**



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## SYLLABUS

2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)

### 4PE4-24: Applied Numerical Methods (Sessional)

Credit: 1  
OL+OT+2P

Max. Marks: 50 (IA:30, ETE:20)

#### List of Experiment

1. Numerical solution of non-linear algebraic and transcendental equation by bisection, iteration, false position, secant and Newton Raphson methods.
2. Numerical solution of system of linear simultaneous equations by Gauss elimination and Gauss Seidel methods.
3. Interpolation by Lagrange's interpolation formula.
4. Numerical evaluation of definite integral by Trapezoidal, Simpson's 1/3rd, Simpson's 3/8th, Weddle and Gaussian quadrature formulae.
5. Numerical solution of first order ordinary differential equation by Euler's, Modified Euler's, second and fourth order Runge-Kutta, Adams-Moulton and Milne's method



# **RAJASTHAN TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY, KOTA**

## **SYLLABUS**

**2<sup>nd</sup> Year - IV Semester: B.Tech. (Petroleum Engineering)**

**4PE8-00: Social Outreach, Discipline & Extra Curricular Activities(SODECA)**

**Credit: 0.5**

**Max. Marks: 25**

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